

Griechische Buchstaben und Alphabet

$\alpha 1A \oplus \alpha 1-A$ = Alpha1-Antitrypsin
 $\alpha-AA$ = Alpha-Adrenorzepor-Agonist
 $\alpha-AAk$ = ► Alpha-Aktinin-Antikörper ► Anti-Aktin-Antikörper
 $\alpha-ABL$ = Alpha-Betalipoprotein (alpha-bétalipoprotéine [F])
 $\alpha-AD$ = Alpha-Acetyldigoxin
 $\alpha 1-AD$ = Alpha1-Antitrypsin-Defizit (alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency [A])
 $\alpha 1-ADE$ = alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency emphysema [A]
 $\alpha 1-AG$ = Alpha1-acid glycoprotein [A]
 $\alpha 1-AGP$ = Alpha1-acid glycoprotein [A]
 $\alpha 1-AIB$ = Alpha1-Aminoisobutyrate (alpha1-aminoisobutyrate [A])
 $\alpha-ALS$ = Alpha-Aminolävulinsynthetase (alpha-aminolévulinate-synthétase [F])
 $\alpha 1-AM$ = Alpha1-Antitrypsin-Mangel
 $\alpha-AN$ = alpha-amino nitrogen [A]
 αANP = alpha atrial natriuretic peptide [A]
 $\alpha-ARA$ = Alpha-Adrenorezeptorantagonist
 $\alpha 1-AT$ = Alpha1-Antitrypsin (alpha1-antitrypsine [F])
 $\alpha 1-ATD$ = Alpha1-Antitrypsin-Defizit (alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency [A])
 α -Teilchen = Alphateilchen
 $\alpha-ATM$ = Alpha-Antitrypsinmangel
 $\alpha 1-ATM$ = Alpha1-Antitrypsinmangel
 $\alpha-ATMK$ = Alpha-Antitrypsinmangelkrankheit
 $\alpha 1-ATP$ = alpha1-antitrypsin protein [A]
 $\alpha 1-B$ = Alpha1-Blocker
 $\alpha 2-B$ = Alpha2-Blocker
 $\alpha-BL$ = Alpha-Betalipoprotein (alpha-bétalipoprotéine [F])
 $\alpha-BI$ = Alpha-Blocker
 $\alpha-CD$ = Alpha-chain disease [A]
 α -cell = alpha cell [A]
 $\alpha 1-CT$ = Alpha1-Chymotrypsin
 $\alpha-FG$ = Alpha-Fetoglobulin
 $\alpha-FMD$ = Alpha-Fluormethylidopa
 $\alpha-FP$ = Alphafetoprotein
 $\alpha 1-FPT$ = Alpha1-Fetoproteintest
 $\alpha-GAM$ = Alpha-Galaktosidase A-Mangel
 $\alpha-GHD$ = Alpha-Glycerolphosphatdehydrogenase
 $\alpha-GLA$ = Alpha-Galaktosidase A
 $\alpha-GPD$ = Alpha-Glyzerinaldehydphosphatdehydrogenase
 $\alpha-GPHD$ = Alphaglyzerinphosphatdehydrogenase
 $\alpha-GPOx$ = Alphaglyzerinphosphatoxidase
 αHBA = alpha-hydroxybutyric acid [A]
 $\alpha-HBDH$ = Alphahydroxybutyratdehydrogenase (alphahydroxybutyriquadéshydrogenase [F])
 $\alpha-IFN$ = Alpha-Interferon (alpha-interferon [A])
 $\alpha-KDM$ = Alpha-Ketosäuredecarboxylase-Mangel
 $\alpha-KG$ = Alpha-Ketoglutarsäure
 $\alpha-KS$ = Alpha-Ketosäure
 $\alpha-MD$ = Alpha-Methylidopa
 $\alpha-MG / \alpha 1-MG / \alpha 2-MG$ = Alpha-/ Alpha1-/ Alpha2-Makroglobulin
 $\alpha 1-MGP$ = Alpha1-Mikroglykoprotein
 $\alpha-MPT$ = Alphamethyl-p-tyrosin
 $\alpha-MSH$ = Alpha-melanozytenstimulierendes Hormon (alphamelanocyte-stimulating hormone [A])
 $\alpha-MT$ = Alphamethyltyrosin
 $\alpha-NE$ = Alpha-Naphthylacetatesterasereaktion
 $\alpha 2-PAG$ = Alpha2-pregnancy-associated glycoprotein
 $\alpha 1-PI$ = Alpha1-Proteinaseinhibitor
 $\alpha 1-PIM$ = Alpha1-Proteinaseinhibitor
 $\alpha-RA$ = Alpha-Rezeptorantagonist
 $\alpha-RB$ = Alpharezeptorenblocker
 $\alpha-RH$ = Alpha-Reduktasehemmer
 $\alpha-SMA$ = alpha-smooth muscle actin [A]
 α -Teilchen = Alphateilchen
 $\alpha-TGF$ = Alpha-transforming growth factor [A]
 $\alpha-THAL$ = Alpha-Thalassämie
 α -Zelle = Alpha-Zelle [im Pankreas]

β^- = Elektron
 β^+ = Positron
 β -Blocker = Betablocker (beta-blocker [A], bêtabloquant [F])
 β -cell = beta-cell [of the pancreatic islets][A]
 β -CTX = beta C-terminal cross link [A]
 β -EI = Beta-Endorphinimmunreaktion
 β -ELI = beta-endorphin line immunoreactivity [A]
 β -EP = Beta-Endorphin
 β Glob \oplus β Glob. / β -Glob \oplus β -Glob. = Betaglobulin
 β -H = Betahydroxylase
 β -HBDH = Betahydroxybutyratdehydrogenase (beta-hydroxybutyric dehydrogenase [A]€)
 β -HCG = beta-humanes Choriongonadotropin (beta human chorionic gonadotropin [A]€, beta hormone chorionique gonadotro-
pine [F])
 β -HOB = Betahydroxybutyrat
 β -IFN = beta-Interferon
 β -M = Beta-Mikroglobulin (beta-microglobulin [A])
 β 2M \oplus β 2-M = Beta2-Mikroglobulin (beta-2-microglobulin [A])
 β 2MG = Beta2-Mikroglobulin (beta-2-microglobulin [A])
 β -MHC = beta myosin heavy chain [A]
 β -MSH = betamelanozytenstimulierendes Hormon (beta-melanocyte stimulating hormone [A])
 β -OBA = beta-oxybutyric acid [A]
 β -PL = Betapropiolakton
 β -RB = Betarezeptorenblockade • Betarezeptorenblocker
 β -SFP = Beta-S-Fetoprotein
 β -Teilchen = Betateilchen
 β -TG = Betathromboglobulin
 β -TGF = beta transforming growth factor [A]
 β -THAL = Beta-Thalassämie
 β TrCP \oplus β -TrCP = beta-transducin repeat containing protein [A]
 β -Wellen = Beta-Wellen
 β -Zelle = Betazelle
 χ^2 = Test zur Nachprüfung der statistischen Signifikanz
 χ^2 t = chi-square test [A]
 δ -AL = Deltaaminolävulinsäure
 δ -ALA = deltaaminolaevulinic acid [A]
 δ -ALAD = deltaaminolevulic acid dehydrogenase [A]
 δ -ALAU = deltaaminolaevulinic acid/urine [A]
 δ -ALD = Deltaaminolävulinsäuredehydratase
 δ -ALS = Deltaaminolävulinsäure
 δ -ALSDDP = Deltaaminolävulinsäure-Dehydrasedefektoporphyrie
 δ -ALSS = Deltaaminolävulinsäuresynthetase
 δ -SIP = delta-sleep-inducing-peptide [A]
 δ -Welle = delta-Welle [in der Venenpulskurve](delta-wave [A])
 δ -Zelle = Deltazelle
 ΔA = Absorptionsdifferenz
 ΔL_{min} = Schwellenleuchtdichte
 ΔpH = pH-Differenz
 Δt = Zeitintervall
 ΣU = Sammelurin
 γ FP \oplus γ -FP = Gammafetoprotein
 γ GT \oplus γ -GT = Gammaglutamyltransferase(gamma-glutamyl transferase [peptidase][A], gamma-glutamyl transférase [F])
 γ GTP \oplus γ -GTP = Gammaglutamyltranspeptidase (gamma-glutamyl transpeptidase [A])
 γ -IT = Gamma-Interferontest
 γ -M-FTAT \oplus γ -M-FTA-Test = Gamma-M-Fluoreszenztreponemaantikörpertest
 γ -Zelle = Gammazelle
 μA = Mikroampère [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Ampère]
 μb \oplus μbar = Mikrobar [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Bar, Einheit des Luftdruckes]
 μC = ► Mikroculomb [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Coulomb] ► Mikrocurie [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel
(millionth [A])]
 μCi = Mikrocurie [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel (millionth [A])]
 μEq \oplus μeq = microequivalent [A][= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionth equivalent])
 μF = Mikrofarad $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Farad (millionth Farad [A])
 μg = Mikrogramm (microgram [A]) [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Gramm]
 $\mu g/l$ = Mikrogramm pro Liter [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Gramm pro Liter]
 $\mu g/m^3$ = Mikrogramm pro Kubikmeter [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{-6} = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Gramm pro Kubikmeter]

$\mu\text{g/ml}$ = Mikrogramm pro Milliliter [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Gramm pro Milliliter]
 $\mu\gamma$ = Mikrogamma [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel gamma]
 μGy = Mikrogray [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Gray]
 μH = Mikro-Henry [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Henry]
 μHg = Mikro-Quecksilber [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Quecksilber]
 μin = microinch [*A*] = $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ millionth inch]
 μIU = micro international unit [*A*] = $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel internationale Einheit]
 μkat = Mikrokatal [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = Millionstel Katal]
 μ -Ketten = schwere Ketten der IgM-Antikörper
 μl = Mikroliter (microliter [*A*], microlitre [*F*]) [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Liter]
 μM = Mikromol [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Mol]
 μm = \blacktriangleright Mikrometer (micrometer [*A*], micromètre [*F*]) [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Meter] \blacktriangleright mikromolar [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel molar]
 μm^3 = \blacktriangleright Mikrokubikmeter (cubic micrometer [*A*], micromètre cube [*F*]) [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Meter]
 μmg = Mikromilligramm (micromilligram [*A*]) [= $10^*E-9 = 10^{\wedge}9 = 10^{-9}$ = milliardstel Gramm]
 $\mu\mu$ = Symbol für Mikromikro [= Mikromikron = $10^*E-12 = 10^{\wedge}12 = 10^{-12}$]
 $\mu\mu\text{Ci}$ = Mikromikro-Curie [= $10^*E-12 = 10^{\wedge}12 = 10^{-12}$ Curie]
 $\mu\mu\text{F}$ = Mikromikro-Farad [= $10^*E-12 = 10^{\wedge}12 = 10^{-12}$ = 10 pF]
 $\mu\mu\text{g}$ = Mikromikrogramm (micromicrogram [*A*]) [= Pikogramm = $10^*E-12 = 10^{\wedge}12 = 10^{-12}$ Gramm]
 μmm = Nanometer [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ Millimeter = 10^{-9} Meter]
 μMol = Mikromol [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Mol]
 μmol = mikromolar [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel molar]
 $\mu\text{Mol/l}$ = Mikromol pro Liter [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Mol pro Liter]
 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ = mikromolar pro Liter [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel molar pro Liter]
 μN = mikronormal [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ normal]
 $\mu\Omega$ = Mikroohm [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Ohm]
 μOR = μ -Opioid-Rezeptor
 $\mu\text{osm} \oplus \mu\text{osmol}$ = Mikroosmol [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Osmol]
 μPU = microprocessor unit [*A*]
 μR = Mikroröntgen [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Röntgen]
 μs = Mikrosekunde [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Sekunde]
 μsec = Mikrosekunde [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Sekunde]
 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$ = Mikrosievert pro Stunde [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Sievert pro Stunde]
 μT = Mikrottesla [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Tesla]
 μU = mikrounit [*A*] = $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Einheit)
 μV = Mikrovolt [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Volt]
 μW = Mikrowatt [= $10^*E-6 = 10^{\wedge}6 = 10^{-6}$ = millionstel Watt]
 σ^2 = Varianz einer normalen Verteilung
 σD = Standardabweichung der Differenz
 $\tau_{1/2}$ = Halbwertszeit (half-time [*A*])